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## **NEWS RELEASE**

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## PROTECTING YOUR ONLINE ACCOUNTS

**Boise, Idaho...** As financial technology has evolved, it has given consumers the ability to shop, save, and invest online using their phones, tablets, and computers. These modern financial conveniences, however, come with risk. "As we all conduct more transactions online, we need to raise our awareness to help protect our financial information", said **Patricia Perkins**, Director of the Idaho Department of Finance.

The more often financial information is shared through apps, websites, and other digital media, the more that information is at risk. Scammers can access private information in different ways and use that information to harm your finances.

## **How to Protect Yourself and Your Financial Information**

Monitor Your Accounts. Check your bank, credit card, and brokerage account statements regularly and keep an eye out for fraudulent or suspicious transactions. Contact your bank, credit card issuer, broker, or investment adviser immediately if you see a questionable transaction or charge. Don't hesitate to contact the authorities in cases of fraud. The sooner you dispute a fraudulent or suspicious transaction, the better.

**Use Caution on Public Wi-Fi.** Public Wi-Fi networks – especially unsecured public networks – carry huge risks. Avoid online shopping and accessing financial or other personal data on public Wi-Fi networks. Wait until you can access an encrypted private network to enter your credit card number or enter account login information.

**Check Your Credit Reports.** In the United States, consumers can visit <a href="www.annualcreditreport.com">www.annualcreditreport.com</a> at least once per year to check their credit reports from the three major credit reporting agencies for free. In Canada, consumers can visit <a href="the federal government's website">the federal government's website</a> for similar information. If an entry does not look familiar, consumers should follow up right away. Dispute entries that are

**NEWS RELEASE** 

July 14, 2021

Page 2

fraudulent. Consumers interested in greater peace of mind might consider subscribing to a credit

monitoring service.

Be Careful with Debit Cards. Debit cards offer fewer fraud protections than credit cards and leave your

bank account vulnerable to scammers who get bank account information or spoof your card. Credit

cards offer better fraud protection than debit cards, and consumers should consider using a credit card

instead of a debit card anytime they are shopping online or giving a card number to pay for something

over the phone.

Speak Up if Something is Wrong. If an investor suspects something is wrong with their account

statement or credit report, they should follow up with their financial institution and credit reporting

agency to make sure the charge or credit report entry is accurate. Dispute transactions and credit

entries that are not legitimate.

**The Bottom Line** 

Be careful when disclosing personal information online and avoid doing it in a public setting at all costs.

Use safer methods of payment that come with enhanced fraud protection if possible, and check

account statements regularly. Reach out to the Idaho Department of Finance before making an

investment, or if fraud is suspected.

Idaho Department of Finance press releases and other information can be found on the Internet at

http://finance.idaho.gov and may be obtained by contacting the Department at 208-332-8000 or Idaho

tollfree at 1-888-346-3378.

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